# 74HC4066-Q100; 74HCT4066-Q100

Quad single-pole single-throw analog switch

Rev. 5 — 21 March 2024

Product data sheet

### 1. General description

The 74HC4066-Q100; 74HCT4066-Q100 is a quad single pole, single throw analog switch. Each switch features two input/output terminals (nY and nZ) and an active HIGH enable input (nE). When nE is LOW, the analog switch is turned off. Inputs include clamp diodes. This enables the use of current limiting resistors to interface inputs to voltages in excess of  $V_{CC}$ .

This product has been qualified to the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q100 (Grade 1) and is suitable for use in automotive applications.

### 2. Features and benefits

- Automotive product qualification in accordance with AEC-Q100 (Grade 1)
  - Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and from -40 °C to +125 °C
- Input levels nE inputs:
  - For 74HC4066-Q100: CMOS level
  - For 74HCT4066-Q100: TTL level
- Low ON resistance:
  - 50 Ω (typical) at V<sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V
  - 45 Ω (typical) at V<sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V
  - 35 Ω (typical) at V<sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V
- Specified in compliance with JEDEC standard no. 7A
- · ESD protection:
  - HBM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 class 2 exceeds 2000 V
  - CDM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 class C3 exceeds 1000 V
- Multiple package options
- DHVQFN package with Side-Wettable Flanks enabling Automatic Optical Inspection (AOI) of solder joints

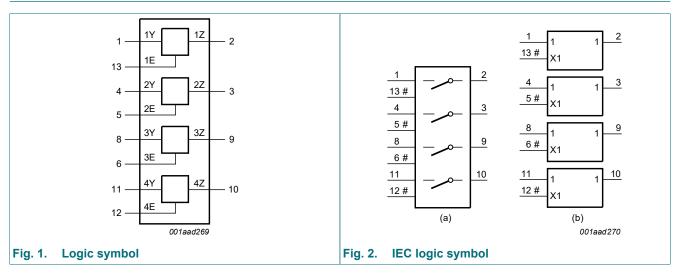
# 3. Ordering information

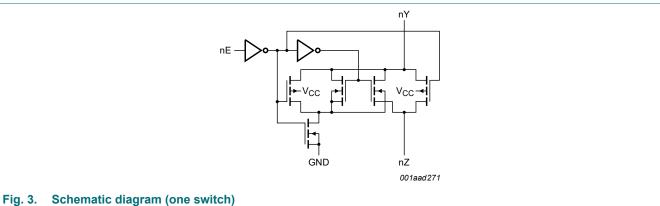
**Table 1. Ordering information** 

Type number	Package	Package								
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version						
74HC4066D-Q100	-40 °C to +125 °C	SO14	plastic small outline package; 14 leads;	SOT108-1						
74HCT4066D-Q100	_		body width 3.9 mm							
74HC4066PW-Q100	-40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP14	plastic thin shrink small outline package;	SOT402-1						
74HCT4066PW-Q100	_		14 leads; body width 4.4 mm							
74HC4066BQ-Q100	-40 °C to +125 °C	DHVQFN14	plastic dual in-line compatible thermal	SOT762-1						
74HCT4066BQ-Q100			enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 14 terminals; body 2.5 × 3 × 0.85 mm							



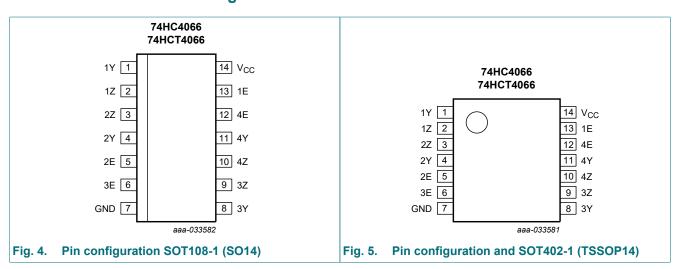
# 4. Functional diagram

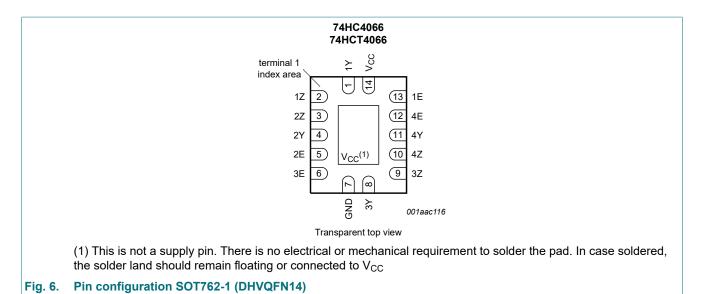




# 5. Pinning information

### 5.1. Pinning





# 5.2. Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
1Z, 2Z, 3Z, 4Z	2, 3, 9, 10	independent input or output
1Y, 2Y, 3Y, 4Y	1, 4, 8, 11	independent input or output
GND	7	ground (0 V)
1E, 2E, 3E, 4E	13, 5, 6, 12	enable input (active HIGH)
Vcc	14	supply voltage

# 6. Functional description

#### Table 3. Function table

 $H = HIGH \ voltage \ level; \ L = LOW \ voltage \ level.$ 

Input nE	Switch
L	OFF
Н	ON

### 7. Limiting values

#### **Table 4. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage			-0.5	+11.0	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping current	$V_{I} < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_{I} > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$		-	±20	mA
I <sub>SK</sub>	switch clamping current	$V_{SW}$ < -0.5 V or $V_{SW}$ > $V_{CC}$ + 0.5 V		-	±20	mA
I <sub>SW</sub>	switch current	$V_{SW} = -0.5 \text{ V to } V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	[1]	-	±25	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current			-	50	mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	ground current			-	-50	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature			-65	+150	°C
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C	[2]	-	500	mW
Р	power dissipation	per switch		-	100	mW

<sup>[1]</sup> To avoid drawing V<sub>CC</sub> current out of terminal Z, when switch current flows in terminals Yn, the voltage drop across the bidirectional switch must not exceed 0.4 V. If the switch current flows into terminal Z, no V<sub>CC</sub> current will flow out of terminals Yn. In this case there is no limit for the voltage drop across the switch, but the voltages at Yn and Z may not exceed V<sub>CC</sub> or GND.

### 8. Recommended operating conditions

Table 5. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	nditions 74HC4066-Q100				74HCT4066-Q100			
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max		
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage		2.0	5.0	10.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	
VI	input voltage		GND	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	GND	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
V <sub>SW</sub>	switch voltage		GND	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	GND	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature		-40	+25	+125	-40	+25	+125	°C	
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	-	-	625	-	-	-	ns/V	
	and fall rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	-	1.67	139	-	1.67	139	ns/V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	-	83	-	-	-	ns/V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 10.0 V	-	-	35	-	-	-	ns/V	

<sup>[2]</sup> For SOT108-1 (SO14) package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 10.1 mW/K above 100 °C. For SOT402-1 (TSSOP14) package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 7.3 mW/K above 81 °C. For SOT762-1 (DHVQFN14) package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 9.6 mW/K above 98 °C.

### 9. Static characteristics

#### Table 6. R<sub>ON</sub> resistance per switch for types 74HC4066-Q100 and 74HCT4066-Q100

 $V_I = V_{IH}$  or  $V_{IL}$ ; for test circuit see Fig. 7.

 $V_{is}$  is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

 $V_{os}$  is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

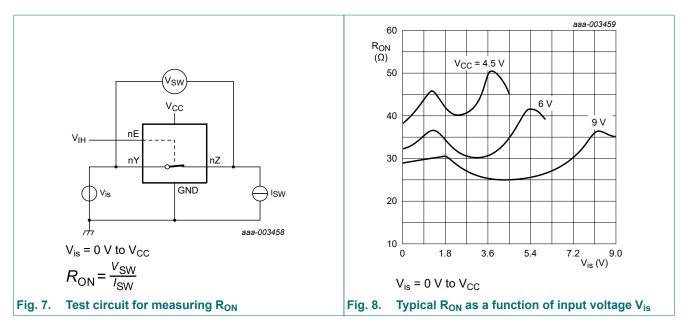
For 74HC4066-Q100:  $V_{CC}$  - GND = 2.0 V, 4.5 V, 6.0 V and 9.0 V.

For 74HCT4066-Q100:  $V_{CC}$  - GND = 4.5 V.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		-40	°C to +8	5°C	-40 °C to	Unit	
				Min	Typ[1]	Max	Min	Max	
R <sub>ON(peak)</sub>	ON resistance (peak)	V <sub>is</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> to GND							
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 100 μA	[2]	-	-	-	-	-	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	54	-	118	142	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	42	-	105	126	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	32	-	88	105	Ω
R <sub>ON(rail)</sub>	ON resistance (rail)	V <sub>is</sub> = GND							
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 100 μA	[2]	-	80	-	-	-	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	35	-	95	115	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	27	-	82	100	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	20	-	70	85	Ω
		V <sub>is</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>							
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 100 μA	[2]	-	100	-	-	-	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	42	-	106	128	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	35	-	94	113	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	20	-	78	95	Ω
$\Delta R_{ON}$	ON resistance	$V_{is} = V_{CC}$ to GND							
	mismatch between channels	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	[2]	-	-	-	-	-	Ω
	ond in total	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V		-	5	-	-	-	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V		-	4	-	-	-	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V		-	3	-	-	-	Ω

<sup>[1]</sup> Typical values are measured at  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C.

<sup>[2]</sup> At supply voltages (V<sub>CC</sub> - GND) approaching 2 V, the analog switch ON resistance becomes extremely non-linear. Therefore it is recommended that these devices be used to transmit digital signals only, when using these supply voltages.



#### Table 7. Static characteristics 74HC4066-Q100

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

 $V_{is}$  is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

 $V_{os}$  is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit
T <sub>amb</sub> = -	40 °C to +85 °C		_			
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	1.5	1.2	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	3.15	2.4	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	4.2	3.2	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V	6.3	4.7	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	-	0.8	0.5	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	-	2.1	1.35	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	2.8	1.80	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V	-	4.3	2.70	V
I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	-	±1.0	μA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 10.0 V	-	-	±2.0	μA
I <sub>S(OFF)</sub>	OFF-state leakage current	$V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $ V_{SW}  = V_{CC} - \text{GND}; \text{ see } \frac{\text{Fig. 9}}{\text{Fig. 9}}$				
		per channel	-	-	±1.0	μA
I <sub>S(ON)</sub>	ON-state leakage current	$V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}; V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $ V_{SW}  = V_{CC} - \text{GND}; \text{ see } \frac{\text{Fig. } 10}{\text{Fig. } 10}$	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is} = GND$ or $V_{CC}$ ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or GND				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	-	20.0	μΑ
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 10.0 V	-	-	40.0	μΑ
Cı	input capacitance		-	3.5	-	pF
C <sub>sw</sub>	switch capacitance		-	8	-	pF

6/21

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit
T <sub>amb</sub> = -	40 °C to +125 °C					
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	1.5	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	3.15	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	4.2	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V	6.3	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	-	-	0.50	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	-	-	1.35	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	-	1.80	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V	-	-	2.70	V
I	input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	-	±1.0	μA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 10.0 V	-	-	±2.0	μΑ
S(OFF)	OFF-state leakage current	$V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}; V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $ V_{SW}  = V_{CC} - \text{GND}; \text{ see } \frac{\text{Fig. 9}}{\text{Im}}$				
		per channel	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
S(ON)	ON-state leakage current	$V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}; V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $ V_{SW}  = V_{CC} - \text{GND}; \text{ see } \frac{\text{Fig. } 10}{\text{Fig. } 10}$	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
CC	supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is} = GND$ or $V_{CC}$ ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or GND				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	-	40	μA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 10.0 V	-	-	80	μΑ

<sup>[1]</sup> Typical values are measured at  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C.

#### Table 8. Static characteristics 74HCT4066-Q100

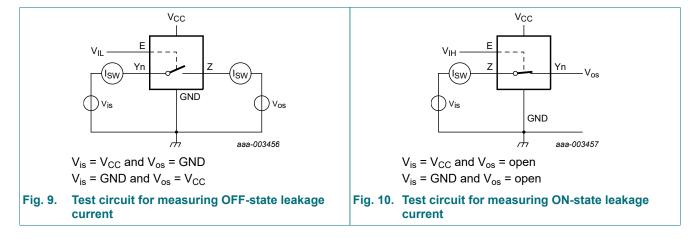
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

*V*<sub>is</sub> is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

 $V_{os}$  is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit
T <sub>amb</sub> = -40	) °C to +85 °C					
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	2.0	1.6	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	1.2	0.8	V
lį	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
I <sub>S(OFF)</sub>	OFF-state leakage current	$V_{CC}$ = 5.5 V; $V_{I}$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $ V_{SW} $ = $V_{CC}$ - GND; see Fig. 9				
		per channel	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
I <sub>S(ON)</sub>	ON-state leakage current	$V_{CC}$ = 5.5 V; $V_{I}$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $ V_{SW} $ = $V_{CC}$ - GND; see Fig. 10	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is} = GND$ or $V_{CC}$ ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 4.5$ V to 5.5 V	-	-	20.0	μΑ
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	per input pin; $V_I = V_{CC}$ - 2.1 V; other inputs at $V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	100	450	μΑ
Cı	input capacitance		-	3.5	-	pF
C <sub>sw</sub>	switch capacitance		-	8	-	pF
T <sub>amb</sub> = -40	) °C to +125 °C					
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	2.0	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	-	0.8	V
I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
I <sub>S(OFF)</sub>	OFF-state leakage current	$V_{CC}$ = 5.5 V; $V_{I}$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $ V_{SW} $ = $V_{CC}$ - GND; see Fig. 9				
		per channel	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
I <sub>S(ON)</sub>	ON-state leakage current	$V_{CC}$ = 5.5 V; $V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $ V_{SW} $ = $V_{CC}$ - GND; see Fig. 10	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is} = GND$ or $V_{CC}$ ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 4.5$ V to 5.5 V		-	40	μΑ
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	per input pin; $V_I = V_{CC}$ - 2.1 V; other inputs at $V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	-	490	μΑ

#### [1] Typical values are measured at $T_{amb}$ = 25 °C.



**Product data sheet** 

# 10. Dynamic characteristics

#### Table 9. Dynamic characteristics 74HC4066-Q100

GND = 0 V;  $t_r = t_f = 6$  ns;  $C_L = 50$  pF unless specified otherwise; for test circuit see Fig. 13.

 $V_{is}$  is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

 $V_{os}$  is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		-40	°C to +85	°C	-40 °C to	+125 °C	Unit
				Min	Typ[1]	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	nY to nZ or nZ to nY; R <sub>L</sub> = $\infty$ Ω; see Fig. 11	[2]						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V		-	8	75	-	90	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V		-	3	15	-	18	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V		_	2	13	-	15	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V		_	2	10	-	12	ns
t <sub>off</sub>	turn-off time	nE to nY or nZ; see Fig. 12	[3]						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V		-	44	190	-	225	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V		-	16	38	-	45	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF		-	13	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V		-	13	33	-	38	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V		-	16	26	-	30	ns
t <sub>on</sub>	turn-on time	nE to nY or nZ; see Fig. 12	[4]						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V		_	36	125	-	150	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V		-	13	25	-	30	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF		-	11	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V		-	10	21	-	26	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V		-	8	16	-	20	ns
C <sub>PD</sub>	power dissipation capacitance	per switch; $V_I = GND$ to $V_{CC}$	[5]	-	11	-	-	-	pF

<sup>[1]</sup> Typical values are measured at  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C.

 $P_D = C_{PD} x V_{CC}^2 x f_i + \sum \{(C_L + C_{sw}) x V_{CC}^2 x f_o\}$  where:

f<sub>i</sub> = input frequency in MHz;

 $f_o$  = output frequency in MHz;

 $\sum \{(C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\} = \text{sum of outputs};$ 

C<sub>L</sub> = output load capacitance in pF;

C<sub>sw</sub> = switch capacitance in pF;

 $V_{CC}$  = supply voltage in V.

9/21

t<sub>pd</sub> is the same as t<sub>PHL</sub> and t<sub>PLH</sub>.

t<sub>off</sub> is the same as t<sub>PZH and</sub> t<sub>PZL</sub>. [3]

 <sup>[4]</sup> t<sub>on</sub> is the same as t<sub>PHZ</sub> and t<sub>PLZ</sub>.
 [5] C<sub>PD</sub> is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P<sub>D</sub> in μW).

#### Table 10. Dynamic characteristics 74HCT4066-Q100

GND = 0 V;  $t_r = t_f = 6$  ns;  $C_L = 50$  pF unless specified otherwise; for test circuit see Fig. 13.

*V*<sub>is</sub> is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

 $V_{os}$  is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		-40 °C to +85 °C			-40 °C to	Unit	
				Min	Typ[1]	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	nY to nZ or nZ to nY; $R_L = \infty \Omega$ ; see Fig. 11	2]						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V		-	3	15	-	18	ns
t <sub>off</sub>	turn-off time	nE to nY or nZ; see Fig. 12	3]						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V		-	20	44	-	53	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF		-	16	-	-	-	ns
t <sub>on</sub>	turn-on time	nE to nY or nZ; see Fig. 12	4]						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V		-	12	30	-	36	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF		-	12	-	-	-	ns
C <sub>PD</sub>	power dissipation capacitance	per switch; V <sub>I</sub> = GND to (V <sub>CC</sub> - 1.5 V)	[5]	-	12	-	-	-	pF

- Typical values are measured at  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C.
- $t_{\text{pd}}$  is the same as  $t_{\text{PHL}}$  and  $t_{\text{PLH}}$ . [2]
- $t_{\text{off}}$  is the same as  $t_{\text{PZH}}$  and  $t_{\text{PZL}}$ . [3]
- $t_{on}$  is the same as  $t_{PHZ}$  and  $t_{PLZ}$ .
- $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu W$ ).

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum \{(C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\}$$
 where:

f<sub>i</sub> = input frequency in MHz;

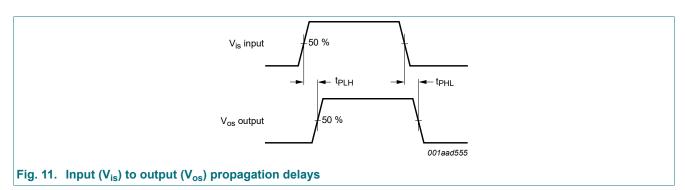
 $f_o$  = output frequency in MHz;  $\sum \{(C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\}$  = sum of outputs;

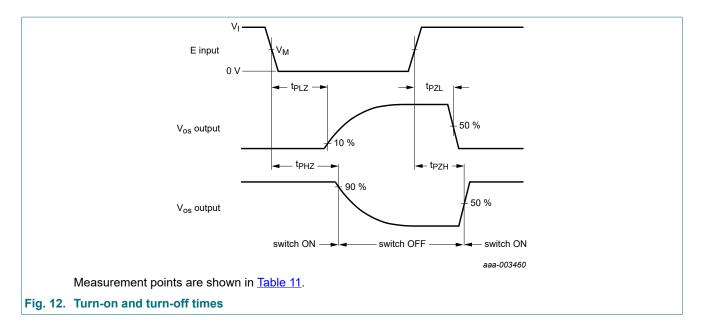
C<sub>L</sub> = output load capacitance in pF;

C<sub>sw</sub> = switch capacitance in pF;

V<sub>CC</sub> = supply voltage in V.

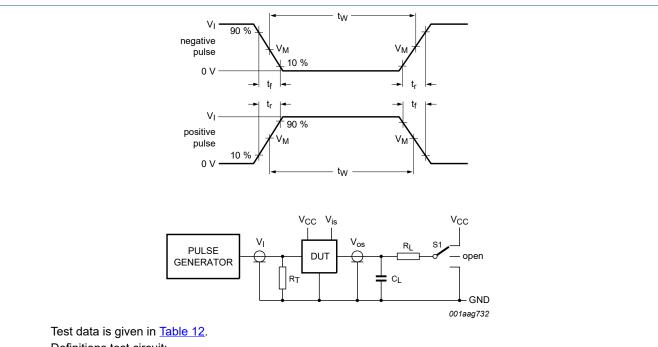
#### 10.1. Waveforms and test circuit





**Table 11. Measurement points** 

Туре	V <sub>I</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>
74HC4066-Q100	V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5V <sub>CC</sub>
74HCT4066-Q100	3.0 V	1.3 V



Definitions test circuit:

 $R_{T}$  = Termination resistance should be equal to output impedance  $Z_{o}$  of the pulse generator.

C<sub>L</sub> = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

R<sub>L</sub> = Load resistance.

S1 = Test selection switch.

Fig. 13. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 12. Test data

Test	Input			Output		S1 position
	Control E	Switch Yn (Z) V <sub>is</sub>	t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	Switch Z (Yn)		
	V <sub>I</sub> [1]			CL	R <sub>L</sub>	
t <sub>PHL</sub> , t <sub>PLH</sub>	GND	GND to V <sub>CC</sub>	6 ns	50 pF	-	open
t <sub>PHZ</sub> , t <sub>PZH</sub>	GND to V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	6 ns	50 pF, 15 pF	1 kΩ	GND
t <sub>PLZ</sub> , t <sub>PZL</sub>	GND to V <sub>CC</sub>	GND	6 ns	50 pF, 15 pF	1 kΩ	V <sub>CC</sub>

<sup>[1]</sup> For 74HCT4066-Q100: maximum input voltage  $V_1 = 3.0 \text{ V}$ .

# 11. Additional dynamic characteristics

#### Table 13. Additional dynamic characteristics

Recommended conditions and typical values; GND = 0 V;  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C.

 $V_{is}$  is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

Vos is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
THD	total harmonic distortion	$f_i$ = 1 kHz; $R_L$ = 10 kΩ; $C_L$ = 50 pF; see Fig. 14				%
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 4.0 V (p-p)	-	0.04	-	%
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 8.0 V (p-p)	-	0.02	-	%
		$f_i$ = 10 kHz; $R_L$ = 10 kΩ; $C_L$ = 50 pF; see <u>Fig. 14</u>				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 4.0 V (p-p)	-	0.12	-	%
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 8.0 V (p-p)	-	0.06	-	%
f <sub>(-3dB)</sub>	-3 dB frequency response	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ ; $C_L = 10 pF$ ; see <u>Fig. 15</u>	1]			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	-	180	-	MHz
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V	-	200	-	MHz
$\alpha_{iso}$	isolation (OFF-state)	$R_L$ = 600 Ω; $C_L$ = 50 pF; $f_i$ = 1 MHz; see <u>Fig. 16</u>	2]			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	-	-50	-	dB
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V	-	-50	-	dB
V <sub>ct</sub> cross	crosstalk voltage	between digital input and switch (peak to peak value); $R_L$ = 600 $\Omega$ ; $C_L$ = 50 pF; $f_i$ = 1 MHz; see Fig. 17				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	-	110	-	mV
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V	-	220	-	mV
Xtalk	crosstalk	between switches; $R_L$ = 600 $\Omega$ ; $C_L$ = 50 pF; $f_i$ = 1 MHz; see Fig. 18	2]			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	-	-60	-	dB
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V	-	-60	-	dB

<sup>[1]</sup> Adjust input voltage V<sub>is</sub> to 0 dBm level at V<sub>os</sub> for f<sub>i</sub> = 1 MHz (0 dBm = 1 mW into 50 Ω). After set-up, f<sub>i</sub> is increased to obtain a reading of -3 dB at V<sub>os</sub>.

<sup>[2]</sup> Adjust input voltage  $V_{is}$  to 0 dBm level (0 dBm = 1 mW into 600  $\Omega$ ).

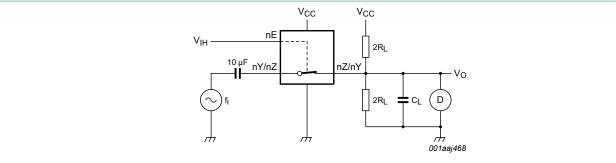
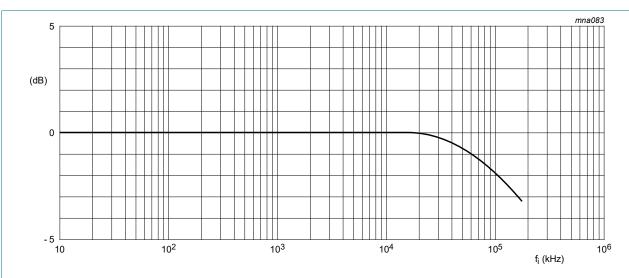
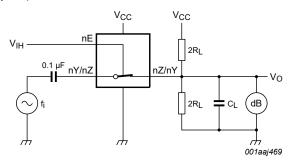


Fig. 14. Test circuit for measuring total harmonic distortion



a. Typical -3 dB frequency response



b. Test circuit

 $V_{CC}$  = 4.5 V; GND = 0 V;  $R_L$  = 50  $\Omega$ ;  $R_{source}$  = 1 k $\Omega$ .

Fig. 15. -3 dB frequency response as a function of frequency

**Product data sheet** 

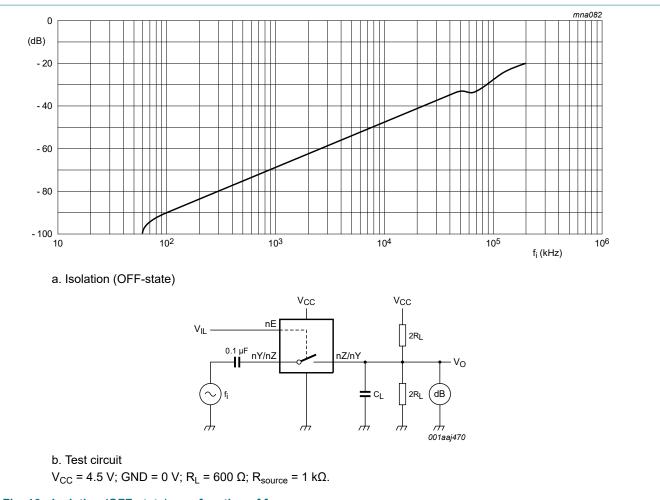
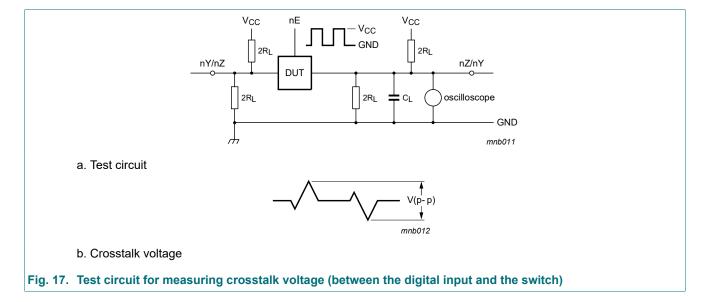
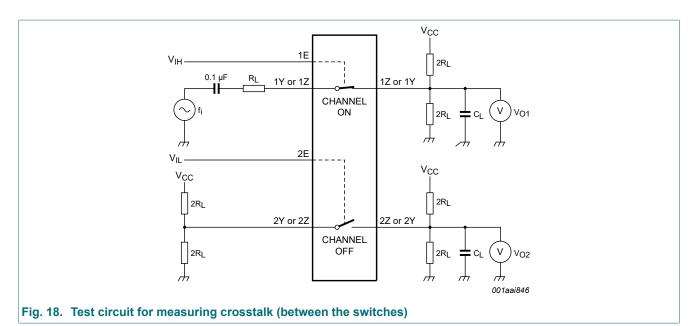


Fig. 16. Isolation (OFF-state) as a function of frequency





# 12. Package outline

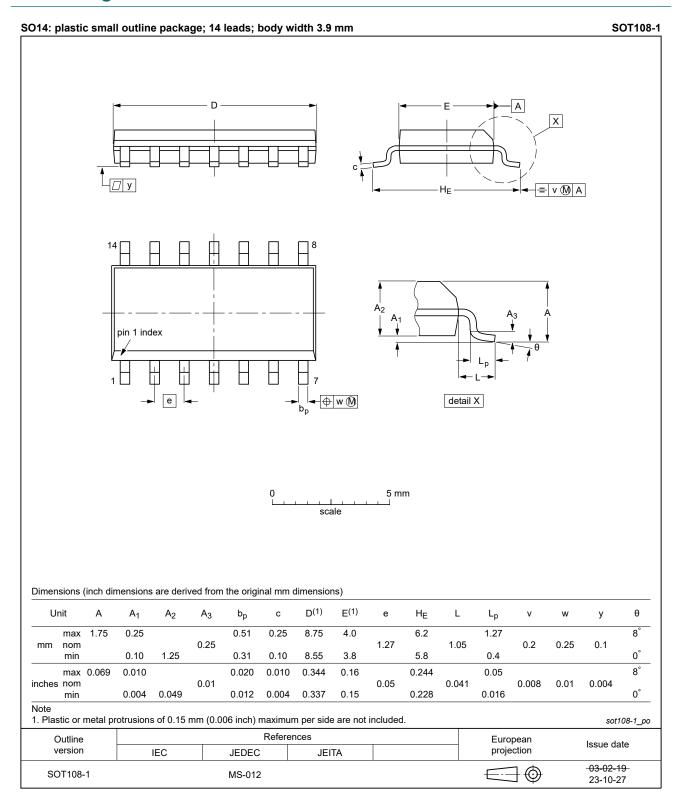


Fig. 19. Package outline SOT108-1 (SO14)

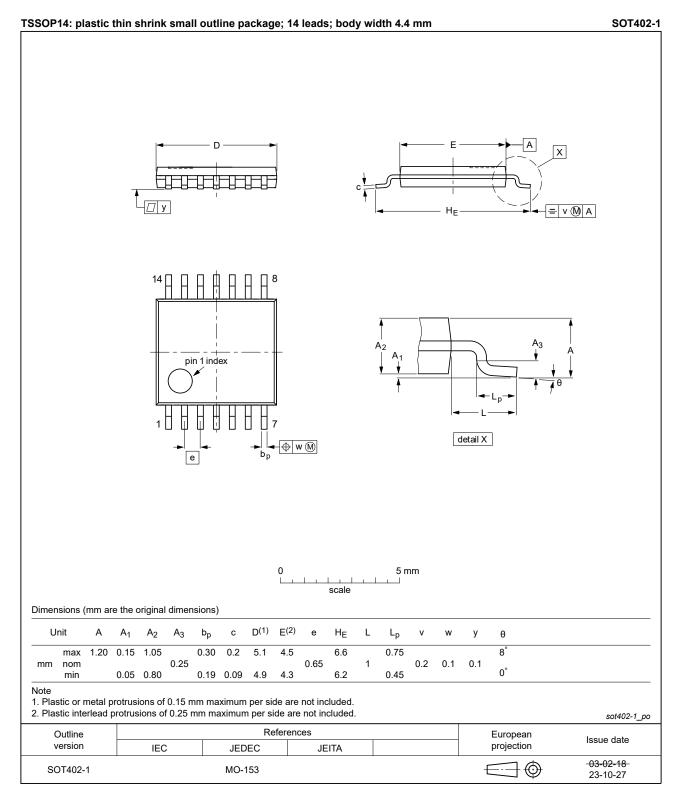


Fig. 20. Package outline SOT402-1 (TSSOP14)

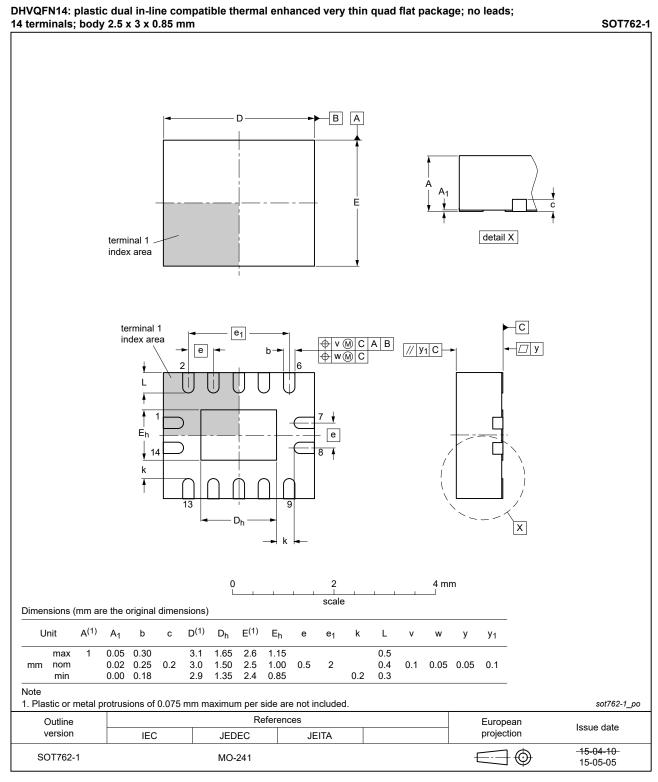


Fig. 21. Package outline SOT762-1 (DHVQFN14)

# 13. Abbreviations

#### **Table 14. Abbreviations**

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
CMOS	Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
НВМ	Human Body Model
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic

# 14. Revision history

#### **Table 15. Revision history**

Table 10: Revision metery					
Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes	
74HC_HCT4066_Q100 v.5	20240321	Product data sheet	-	74HC_HCT4066_Q100 v.4	
Modifications:	<ul> <li>Fig. 19, Fig. 20: Aligned SO and TSSOP package outline drawings to JEDEC MS-012 and MO-153.</li> <li>Section 2: ESD specification updated according to the latest JEDEC standard.</li> </ul>				
74HC_HCT4066_Q100 v.4	20200414	Product data sheet	-	74HC_HCT4066_Q100 v.3	
Modifications:	<ul> <li>The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the identity guidelines of Nexperia.</li> <li>Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate.</li> <li>Table 4: Derating values for P<sub>tot</sub> total power dissipation have been updated.</li> <li>Table 9: C<sub>PD</sub> value of 74HC4066-Q100 moved to typical column.</li> <li>Package outline drawing of SOT762-1 (Fig. 21) updated.</li> </ul>				
74HC_HCT4066_Q100 v.3	20131216	Product data sheet	-	74HC_HCT4066_Q100 v.2	
Modifications:	Features and benefits updated (errata).				
74HC_HCT4066_Q100 v.2	20130404	Product data sheet	-	74HC_HCT4066_Q100 v.1	
Modifications:	<ul><li>Descriptive title corrected (errata).</li><li>New general description (errata).</li></ul>				
74HC_HCT4066_Q100 v.1	20120712	Product data sheet	-	-	

### 15. Legal information

#### **Data sheet status**

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
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### **Contents**

1. General description	1
2. Features and benefits	1
3. Ordering information	1
4. Functional diagram	2
5. Pinning information	2
5.1. Pinning	
5.2. Pin description	3
6. Functional description	3
7. Limiting values	4
8. Recommended operating conditions	4
9. Static characteristics	
10. Dynamic characteristics	9
10.1. Waveforms and test circuit	10
11. Additional dynamic characteristics	12
12. Package outline	16
13. Abbreviations	
14. Revision history	19
15. Legal information	

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